January 2010

1.1—Independence Day; Haiti
A celebration of independence from France in 1804

1.1—Independence Day; Sudan
Marks independence from Egypt and Britain in 1956

1.1—Liberation Day; Cuba
This day marks two events: the end of Spanish rule in 1899 and the overthrow of the dictator Fulgencio Batista y Zaldívar, who fled to Miami on this day in 1959

1.1—Founding of Republic of China; Taiwan
Commemorates the founding of Republic of China on this date in 1912

1.1—Independence Day; Cameroon
On this day in 1960 French Cameroon was granted independence

1.1—Independence Day of the Slovak Republic; Slovakia
Commemorates the division of Czechoslovakia in 1993

1.1—Junkanoo; Bahamas
A street parade with music which occurs in many towns across the Bahamas every Boxing Day and New Year’s Day

1.1—St. Basil’s Day; Greece
Feast day for St. Basil, one of the greatest pillars of the Nicene faction of the church, who died on this date in 379 A.D

1.2—Ancestry Day; Haiti
A day to honor Haitian heroes

1.2—Berchtold’s Day; Switzerland
Honors Duke Berchtold V, who founded Bern, the capital of Switzerland

1.2—Bridge Day; New Caledonia

1.2—Kaapse Klopse; South Africa
A minstrel festival that takes place annually in Cape Town

1.4—Day of Martyrs of the Colonial Repression; Angola
Honors the tens of thousands of Angolans killed on this date in 1961 by troops of the then Portuguese colonial regime following the uprising by peasants against exploitation and bad living conditions

1.4—Martyrs of Independence Day; Zaire (Democratic Congo)
Commemorates the day in 1959 when more than 300 persons lost their lives during a public meeting turned revolt

1.4—Independence Day; Myanmar/Burma
A celebration of independence from Great Britain in 1948
### 1.5—Guru Gobind Singh’s Birthday; Sikh religious holiday
Celebrates the birth of the tenth Guru of the Sikhs

### 1.5—Dia de la Toma; Spain
The anniversary of the capture or taking possession of Granada by the army of Ferdinand and Isabella

### 1.6—Carnival Season; Christian, International
An age-old festival observed in parts of Europe and the Americas. The entire period from the Christian observances of Epiphany to Ash Wednesday is called Carnival and culminates in Mardi Gras. It signifies a time of indulgences featuring elaborate costumes, parades, and dancing in city streets

### 1.6—Epiphany; International
Also called Twelfth Day, celebrated 12 days after Christmas. Epiphany means “dawning of light” and commemorates the visit of three wise men to the baby Jesus, who would later be known as Jesus Christ, the Christians’ Savior. This day is celebrated in many parts of Europe, Latin America, and South America as the culmination of the Christmas season. It is also known as Three Kings Day

### 1.7—Easter Day; Sudan

### 1.7—St. John’s Day; Bulgaria
An Eastern Orthodox feast day celebrating John the Baptist

### 1.7—Tumbes Anniversary; Peru
A celebration in the city of Tumbes including a serenade and an exhibition of fireworks

### 1.7—Victory Day Over the Genocidal Regime; Cambodia
Commemorates the Vietnamese assault on Cambodia in 1979 which brought an end to the Khmer Rouge’s bloody regime

### 1.8—Commonwealth Day; Northern Marianas

### 1.8—National Takai Day; Niue
A New Year’s celebration which includes villagers decorating their vehicles and traveling around the island to visit one another as well as a feast

### 1.9—Martyr’s Day; Palau

### 1.9—Day of Mourning; Panama
Commemorates the 1964 riots over sovereignty of the Panama Canal Zone

### 1.9—Children’s Day; Thailand
Celebrated the 2nd Saturday in January

### 1.10—Traditional Day; Benin
Proclaimed in 1996 by the president of Benin to celebrate traditional religious faiths, including Voudon, the 400-year-old belief practiced by the majority of the population

### 1.11—Hostos Day; Puerto Rico
Honors the life Eugenio Maria de Hostos, born on this day, a writer and statesman who struggled for Puerto Rican independence and the end to slavery in the late 19th century

### 1.11—Independence Manifesto; Morocco
Marks the day in 1944 when a group of nationalists handed the French colonial authorities a document requesting the independence of Morocco under the leadership of the late King Mohammed V

### 1.11—National Unity Day; Nepal
Commemorates the birth of King Prithvinarayan Shah and his contributions towards unifying Nepal

### 1.11—Republic Day; Albania
Anniversary of the establishment of Albania in 1946
1.11— Sir John A Macdonald’s Birthday; Canada
Marks the birthday of the first Prime Minister of Canada, considered the Father of the Confederation

1.11— Seijin-no-Hi (Coming of Age Day); Japan
Celebrated the 2nd Monday in January and honors the coming of age of those persons who have turned 20 in the preceding year

1.12— Commemoration or Remembrance Day (Anniversary of the Battle of Geok-Tepe); Turkmenistan
Commemorates the date in 1881 when Russian forces under the command of General Mikhail Skobelev breached the fortress of Geok Tepe after a 21 day siege. Thousands of Turkmen soldiers and civilians were killed

1.12— Youth Day; India
Celebrated on the birthday of Swami Vivekananda. The observation includes processions, speeches, recitations, music, youth conventions, seminars, Yogasana presentations, as well as competitions in essay-writing, recitations, speeches, music, and sports.

1.12— Zanzibar Revolution Day; Tanzania
Commemorates the 1964 revolution which resulted in Zanzibar becoming part of Tanzania

1.13— St. Knut’s Day; Norway, Sweden
The traditional end of the Christmas season, when the tree is dismantled at a final holiday party. In Norway know as Tyvendedagen (20th day) and in Sweden as Tjugondag Knut (the 20th day of Knut)

1.13— Defenders of Freedom Day; Lithuania
Commemorates the date in 1991 when Lithuanians gathered to protect strategic locations against Soviet invasion

1.13— Liberation Day; Togo
Commemorates the anniversary of the 1967 military takeover which brought Gnassingbe Eyadema into power

1.13— St. Melania’s Day (Malanka); Ukraine
Celebrates the feast day of St. Melania. Marks the end of the Christmas holidays and includes carolers led by a bachelor dressed in women’s clothing playing pranks and acting out small plays

1.14— Makar Sankranti; Hindu
A Hindu and South Indian winter solstice observation marking the beginning of the Pongal festival

1.15— Fiesta del Nino Perdido en Huancavelica; Peru
A festival held in honor of the Christ Child, include bands and traditional dancers

1.15— John Chilembwe Day; Malawi
Celebrated as a hero for independence, John Chilembwe was an educator and early figure in resistance to colonialism

1.15— Arbor Day; Jordan
A day set aside to plant trees

1.16— National Day of Peace; El Salvador
Marks the day in 1992 when a peace treaty was signed in Mexico City, officially ending the 12-year civil war that claimed 75,000 lives

1.16— Martyr’s Day; Benin
Anniversary of the mercenary attack on Cotonou

1.16— Russian Winter Festival; Russia

1.17— Antonovden (St. Anthony’s Day); Bulgaria
Marks the fest day of St. Anthony. He is appealed to against infectious diseases and as such the day is devoted to protection from diseases. Women usually bake ritual bread, spread with honey, to give to neighbors and friends for health

1.17— World Religion Day; Baha’i
A Baha’i-sponsored observance started in 1950 to emphasize that the goals of religion are to create unity among people, ease suffering, and bring about peace. Observed the 3rd Sunday in January
1.18—Lima Foundation Week; Peru
Official celebration of the founding of Lima by the Spanish conquistador Francisco Pizarro in 1535

1.18—Revolution Day; Tunisia
Commemorates the nationalist movements in the 1930’s and 1940’s that led to independence in 1956 and the abolishment of the monarchy in 1957

1.20—Chiaraque en Canas; Peru
1.20—Day of Martyrs (Day of Sorrow); Azerbaijan
Commemorates Black January in 1990 when Soviet troops entered Baku and killed more than 180 civilians. Victims of the Nagorno-Karabakh War (1988) are also remembered on this date

1.20—Vasanta Panchami; Hindu, Sikh
A festival of spring celebrated in honor of Saraswati, the goddess of learning, wisdom, and fine arts

1.20—Death of Amilcar Cabral; Guinea Bissau
Honors the death of Amilcar Lopes Cabral, an African agronomic engineer, writer, Marxist, and nationalist politician who led independence movements. He was assassinated in 1973 just months before Guinea-Bissau declared unilateral independence

1.20—Festival of Sao Sebastiao (Rio de Janeiro); Brazil
Honors the patron saint of Rio with an evening procession

1.21—Altagracia Day; Dominican Republic
Also know as Our Lady of High Grace Day, celebrated with pilgrimages to the shrine of Our Lady Peace

1.21—Errol Barrow Day; Barbados
Honors the 1920 birth of the leader who led Barbados to freedom from Britain

1.21—St. Sarkis’s Day; Armenia
Honors the saint who fought against the Georgians. St. Sarkis gradually came to symbolize love and romance

1.24—Economic Liberation Day; Togo

1.25—Commemoration Birthday of G.F. Croes; Aruba
Marks the birthday of G.F. Croes, Aruban political activist who was a proponent of Aruba’s separation from the rest of the Netherlands Antilles. He is called the father of the Aruban nation

1.25—Foundation Day (Sao Paulo); Brazil
Commemorates the founding of the largest city in Brazil by Jesuit missionaries on this date in 1554

1.25—St. Tatiana Day (beginning of Winter Holiday); Russia
Honors the life of Saint Tatiana, patron saint of students and a Christian martyr in the 3rd century Rome during the reign of Emperor Alexander Severus

1.25—Burn’s Night; Scotland
Celebration of the life and poetry of poet Robert Burns. Suppers of haggis and Scotch whisky are held

1.25—Kirmeline; Lithuania
Celebrates the symbolic return of the snake deities from the forests to the villages

1.26—Republic Day; India
Marks India’s severed ties from Great Britain in 1950

1.26—Australia Day; Australia
Commemorates the anniversary of the first British settlement in 1788, which was a penal colony established to help relieve overcrowding in British prisons

1.26—Duarte Day; Dominican Republic
Celebrates the 1814 birth of Juan Pablo Duarte, one of the fathers of the country

1.26—Foundation Day (Santos); Brazil
Marks the founding of Santos, a municipality in Sao Paulo, in 1546 by the Portuguese nobleman Bras Cubas
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.27</td>
<td><strong>Feast of St. Sava</strong>; Serbia</td>
<td>Honors the first Archbishop of Serbia</td>
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<td>1.27</td>
<td><strong>Sainte Devote</strong>; Monaco</td>
<td>Honors the patron saint of the Grimaldi family. On the Eve of the holiday a boat is burnt on the square at nightfall in the presence of the royal family to symbolize the boat carrying St. Devote’s body which drifted off course and ran aground on the coast of Monaco</td>
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<td>1.27</td>
<td><strong>International Holocaust Remembrance Day</strong>; Israel</td>
<td>Universal commemoration in memory of the victims of the Holocaust</td>
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<td>1.28</td>
<td><strong>Democracy Day</strong>; Rwanda</td>
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<td>1.29</td>
<td><strong>Martyrs Memorial Day</strong>; Nepal</td>
<td>Commemorate the heroes who sacrificed their lives for the sake of freedom and democracy</td>
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<td>1.30</td>
<td><strong>Tu B’Shevat</strong>; Jewish</td>
<td>Israel’s New Year celebration for trees, similar to National Arbor Day in the U.S. Jews around the world observe this holiday. Begins at sundown the previous day</td>
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<td>1.30</td>
<td><strong>Makha Bucha Day</strong>; Thailand</td>
<td>An important Buddhist holiday. Ceremonies express appreciation for the order of monks founded by the Buddha</td>
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<td>1.31</td>
<td><strong>Independence Day</strong>; Nauru (one of the Gilbert Islands)</td>
<td>Marks independence in 1968 from a U.N. trusteeship administered by Australia, New Zealand, and Britain</td>
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<td>1.31</td>
<td><strong>Sadeh</strong> (Midwinter Festival); Iran</td>
<td>Sadeh, meaning “hundred,” is the festival honoring fire, an element of nature and source of warmth and light. In Persian mythology, Hooshang, a mythical king, discovered fire</td>
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