

February 7th-9th 2019









Preparing Future Healthcare
Providers:
Overcoming challenges in
addressing health care
disparities







Overview

- ☐ Health care disparity-access to care
- ☐ Health care provider shortages
- ☐ Health care provider employment projects
- □TTUHSC Programs
- ☐ Addressing disparities
- ☐ Challenges and positive impacts

Health Disparities



Causes of Health Disparities

Poverty/
Low Economic
Status

Social Injustice Culture

Possible Influence on Gene Environment Interaction

Prevention

Early Detection Diagnosis/ Incidence

Treatment

Post Treatment/ Quality of Life

Survival and Mortality

Access to Care Facts

- □39.1 per 100,000 ratio of primary care providers (54.5 per 100,000 nationally)
- □1.8 per 100,000 mental health providers (3.4 per 100,000 nationally)
- □25.3% of rural population under 65 uninsured

Changes in Texas since 2005



- Grew approximately 16%-estimated 1.3M additional people
- Employment rate stable-attracting people to move to Texas
- Increase in Growth Domestic Product (GDP) by 31%

Things that have remained the same

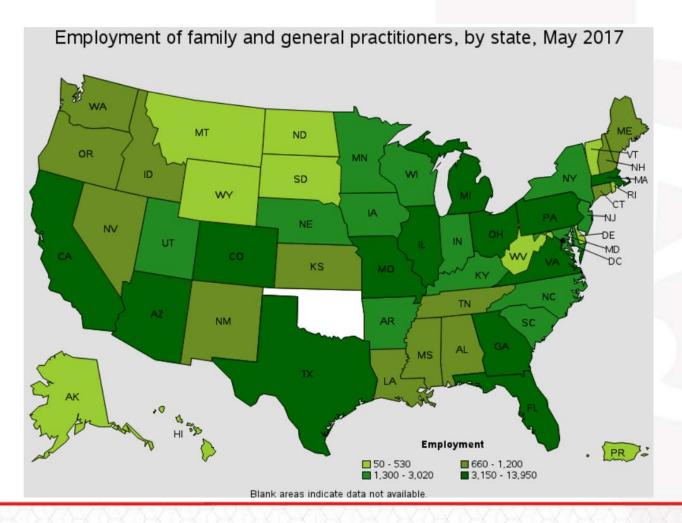
- Highest rate of uninsured at 24%
- 6 million uninsured and thus have limited access to primary and preventive care
- 20% report not seeing a doctor due to cost
- Approximately 17% of Texas Children (0-17) live in poverty
- High economic burden due to uncompensated care incurred by hospitals
- Significant shortage of health care professionals
- Lack of access to mental health and dental health services

Challenge of Rapid Population Growth in Texas

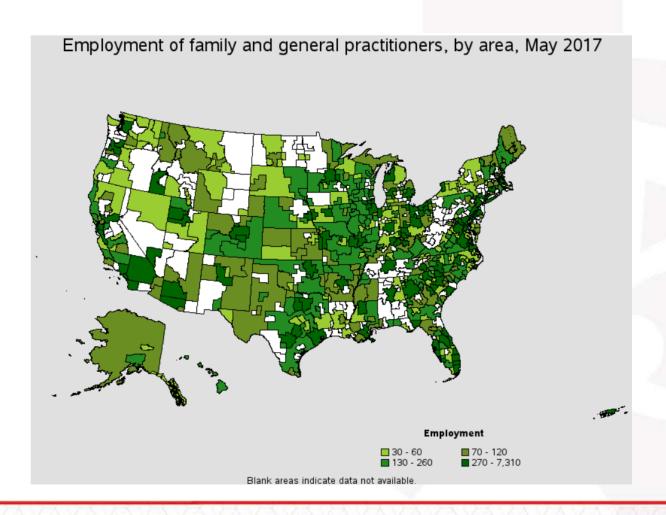
- Three contributing factors to rapid population growth:
 - Fertility
 - Mortality
 - Immigration
- Challenge to allocate scarce resources to the following:
 - Education
 - Labor Force Training
 - State programs
 - Medical Services
 - Natural Resources

Center for Immigration Studies: Shaping Texas: The Effects of Immigration 1970-2020

General Practitioner Employment by State



Urban vs Rural for General Practitioners



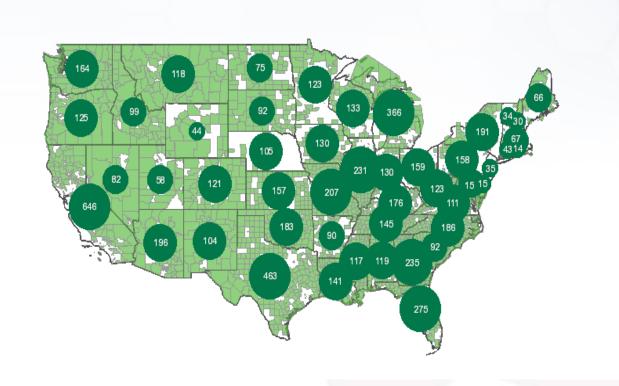
Designated Health Professional Shortage Areas Statistics

Table 1. Health Professional Shortage Areas: Number, Population, and Additional Practitioners Needed for Geographic Areas, Population Groups, and Facilities as of December 31, 2018

	Number of Designations ⁽¹⁾	Population of Designated HPSAs ⁽²⁾	Percent of Need Met (3)	Practitioners Needed to Remove Designations
Primary Medical HPSA Totals	7,026	79,125,152	43.85 % ⁽⁴⁾	14,900 ⁽⁷⁾
Geographic Area	1,319	31,521,741	58.02 %	4,111
Population Group	1,723	46,202,073	35.94 %	9,852
Facility	3,984	1,401,338	31.78 %	937
Dental Health HPSA Totals	5,833	57,937,800	29.26 % ⁽⁵⁾	10,635 ⁽⁸⁾
Geographic Area	599	11,386,974	50.16 %	1,294
Population Group	1,797	44,676,034	24.52 %	8,436
Facility	3,437	1,874,792	27.85 %	905
Mental Health HPSA Totals	5,124	115,383,074	26.10 % ⁽⁶⁾	6,894 ⁽⁹⁾
Geographic Area	1,049	79,728,867	30.04 %	3,671
Population Group	453	33,559,820	17.34 %	2,044
Facility	3,622	2,094,387	26.74 %	1,179



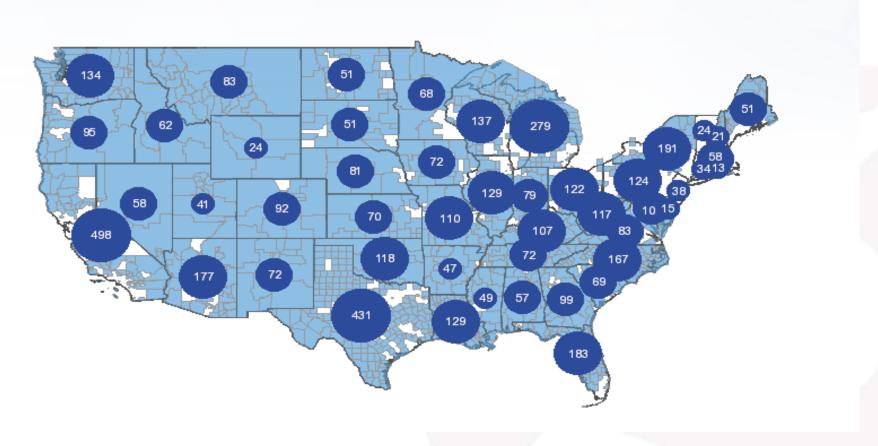
HPSA Designation for primary care providers (2018 data)



Designated Health Professional Shortage Areas Statistics

Primary Care	Total Designations(1)	Geographic Area	Population Group	Facility	Population of Designated HPSAs	Percent of Need Met (3)	Practitioners Needed to Remove Designation (6)
Mississippi	117	53	26	38	1,746,844	41.16 %	341
North Carolina	186	23	63	100	1,965,809	46.70 %	334
South Carolina	92	14	29	49	1,928,557	68.76 %	206
Tennessee	145	23	64	58	2,486,052	69.25 %	258
Region V	1,142	190	241	711	11,775,913	55.15 %	1,735
Illinois	231	40	77	114	3,324,631	55.38 %	483
Indiana	130	30	35	65	2,123,212	76.76 %	165
Michigan	366	25	61	280	3,275,197	40.47 %	647
Minnesota	123	29	20	74	445,792	46.39 %	78
Ohio	159	41	20	98	1,458,554	55.76 %	209
Wisconsin	133	25	28	80	1,148,527	58.96 %	153
Region VI	980	242	212	526	10,560,352	53.66 %	1,639
Arkansas	90	14	41	35	512,060	51.00 %	88
Louisiana	141	41	28	72	2,269,620	65.44 %	255
New Mexico	104	29	10	65	1,048,498	23.00 %	261
Oklahoma	183	13	62	108	1,276,291	57.11 %	194
Texas	462	145	71	246	5,453,883	54.03 %	841
Region VII	599	63	194	342	3,357,031	28.85 %	788
Iowa	130	29	32	69	651,570	55.33 %	95
Kansas	157	18	64	75	994,366	44.67 %	180
Missouri	207	8	98	101	1,697,303	10.06 %	509
Nebraska	105	8	0	97	13,792	20.40 %	4
Region VIII	508	162	102	244	2,878,066	42.63 %	555
Colorado	121	24	37	60	1,108,338	34.41 %	264
Montana	118	25	31	62	412,474	35.28 %	85
North Dakota	75	44	2	29	185,865	32.93 %	37
South Dakota	92	35	14	43	238,804	41.54 %	45
Utah	58	15	13	30	744,682	59.87 %	100
Wyoming	44	19	5	20	187,903	53.81 %	24

HPSA Designation for Mental Health Providers (2018)



Designated Health Professional Shortage Areas Statistics

Mental Health Care					Population of		Practitioners Needed to
	Total Designations ⁽¹⁾	Geographic Area	Population Group	Facility	Designated HPSAs		Remove Designation (8)
Mississippi	49	15	0	34	2,775,574	24.29 %	385
North Carolina	167	24	51	92	2,522,692	13.90 %	149
South Carolina	69	10	11	48	2,418,422	37.54 %	108
Tennessee	72	10	14	48	3,400,427	11.66 %	356
Region V	814	181	30	603	19,537,642	27.13 %	1,054
Illinois	129	32	4	93	4,850,399	23.30 %	224
Indiana	79	22	0	57	3,738,068	34.74 %	159
Minnesota	68	9	0	59	2,001,152	33.12 %	80
Michigan	279	48	13	218	4,132,859	23.94 %	212
Ohio	122	20	11	91	2,575,843	36.64 %	124
Wisconsin	137	50	2	85	2,239,321	19.42 %	255
Region VI	796	282	43	471	19,631,483	30.32 %	992
Arkansas	47	5	10	32	1,266,192	31.82 %	65
Louisiana	129	54	11	64	3,458,028	23.38 %	171
New Mexico	72	16	2	54	1,251,275	12.30 %	75
Oklahoma	118	4	9	105	1,563,013	23.23 %	96
Texas	430	203	11	216	12,092,975	34.53 %	585
Region VII	333	42	22	269	5,985,438	24.54 %	305
Iowa	72	15	0	57	1,610,233	39.24 %	53
Kansas	70	19	2	49	1,387,256	31.63 %	55
Missouri	110	3	20	87	1,948,955	7.20 %	171
Nebraska	81	5	0	76	1,038,994	50.82 %	26
Region VIII	342	91	17	234	7,743,650	32.31 %	387
Colorado	92	11	8	73	2,665,498	30.15 %	131
Montana	83	21	7	55	602,361	13.27 %	71
North Dakota	51	26	0	25	291,463	18.75 %	20
South Dakota	51	14	1	36	456,245	11.63 %	43
Utah	41	14	1	26	3,166,896	49.71 %	97
Wyoming	24	5	0	19	561,187	31.46 %	25

Employment Projections for Practitioners

Physicians and Surgeons	
2016 (thousands)	372.4
2026 (thousands)	414.7
2016-2026 (change, thousands)	42.3
2016-2026 (change, percent)	11.4
2016-2026 (occupational openings)	14.3
Nurse Practitioners	
2016 (thousands)	155.5
2026 (thousands)	211.6
2016-2026 (change, thousands)	56.1
2016-2026 (change, percent)	36.1
2016-2026 (occupational openings)	14.4
Physician Assistants	
2016 (thousands)	106.2
2026 (thousands)	145.9
2016-2026 (change, thousands)	39.6
2016-2026 (change, percent)	37.3
2016-2026 (occupational openings)	10.6

Community Size Preference

In What Size Community Would You Prefer to Practice?

10,000 or less	1.2%
10,001 - 25,000	1.9%
25,001 – 50,000	4.4%
50,001 - 100,000	9.9%
100,001 - 250,000	15.6%
250,001 - 500,000	20.5%
500,001 – 1 million	22.8%
Over 1 million	23.7%





TTUHSC Graduate School of Biomedical Sciences

- Brandt Schneider, Ph.D.
- Dean TTUHSC Graduate School of Biomedical Sciences
- Schneider has served as the dean of the Graduate School of Biomedical Sciences since 2013 and has been a faculty member at TTUHSC since 1999.
- He is a tenured professor in the Departments of Medical Education and Cell Biology and Biochemistry and has served on over 30 graduate thesis committees. During this time, his research on the role of cell cycle control and cell growth on aging has been supported by 25 research grants.



TTUHSC School of Health Professions

- Lori Rice-Spearman, Ph.D.
- Dean TTUHSC School of Health Professions
- Lori Rice-Spearman has been the Dean of the Texas Tech Health Sciences Center School of Health Profession since January 2016.
- TTUHSC School of Health Professions is one of the largest health professions schools in the nation. In total, Rice-Spearman has contributed to the TTUHSC mission for over thirty years. Her professional experience also includes serving as an accreditation reviewer and site visitor for the National Accrediting Agency for Clinical Laboratory Sciences and the Commission on Accreditation for Physical Therapy Education.



TTUHSC School of Nursing

- Michael L. Evans, PhD, RN, NEA-BC, FACHE, FAAN
- Dean TTUHSC School of Nursing
- Evans is dean, professor and holds the University Medical Center Endowed Chair for Excellence in Nursing at the Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center School of Nursing since 2012.
- Prior to coming to Texas Tech, he was the president and CEO of Barnes-Jewish College and founding dean of the Goldfarb School of Nursing in St. Louis. He was in hospital administration for 25 years before his career bridged to academic administration. Evans has been honored as a distinguished alumnus by the University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston School of Nursing and by the University of Texas at Austin School of Nursing.



TTUHSC School of Nursing

- Karla Chapman, Ph.D.
- Associate Academic Dean TTUHSC School of Nursing
- Chapman is currently serving as an associate academic dean with the Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center School of Nursing.
- She not only provides direction and oversight for the Education Technology Department, Recruitment, Alumni Relations, Career Center, Advising, Admissions, Enrollment Management and Students Affairs. She also serves on a variety of institutional committees which benefits the institution as a whole. Prior to her career in academia, she has over 18 years in serving non-profit organizations as an executive director, VP of operations, VP of health care and policy, interim president/CEO, chief professional officer and/or board of directors.



TTUHSC School of Pharmacy

- Charles Seifert, Pharm.D.
- Regional Dean TTUHSC School of Pharmacy
- Seifert was one of the first board certified pharmacotherapy specialists in the nation and is a fellow of the American College of Clinical Pharmacy.
- Currently, he is professor of pharmacy practice, senior executive associate dean, and the founding regional dean for Lubbock programs with the School of Pharmacy at Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center. He has over 120 published journal articles, book chapters, abstracts, and newspaper and magazine articles. Seifert has received numerous awards for his teaching, practice, service and research.



TEXAS TECH UNIVERSITY HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER.

School of Medicine

